Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

| Detail | Data |
|--|--|
| School name | Moseley Primary School |
| Number of pupils in school | 473 |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 20.2% |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended) | 2021/2022 to 2024/2025 |
| Date this statement was published | October 2022 |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | July 2023 |
| Statement authorised by | Nikki Evans, Headteacher |
| Pupil premium lead | Sally Casemore, Deputy Headteacher |
| Governor / Trustee lead | Jemma Slinger, lead for disadvantaged pupils |

Funding overview

| Detail | Amount |
|---|----------|
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £117,725 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | TBC |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| Total budget for this academic year | £117,725 |
| If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year | |

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

All members of staff and the governing body at Moseley Primary School accept responsibility for 'socially disadvantaged' pupils and are committed to meeting their pastoral, social and academic needs within a caring and nurturing environment. We are aspirational for all our pupils and encourage each child to develop a love for learning and acquire the skills and abilities needed to fulfil their potential and as an adult finding employment.

Overcoming identified barriers to learning is central to our Pupil Premium use. We identify barriers that need to be addressed and the interventions required, whether in small groups, large groups, the whole school or as individuals, and allocate a budget accordingly. We provide high-quality teaching, targeted academic support for pupils who are not making expected progress, as well as addressing non-academic barriers to attainment such as attendance, behaviour and social and emotional wellbeing.

Our ultimate objectives are to:

- Remove barriers to learning created by poverty, family circumstance and background. Narrow the attainment gaps between disadvantaged pupils and their non-disadvantaged counterparts both within school and nationally
- Ensure ALL pupils are able to read and write fluently and with good understanding to enable them to access the breadth of the curriculum
- Develop confidence in their ability to communicate effectively in a wide range of contexts
- Enable pupils to look after their social and emotional wellbeing and to develop resilience.

In order to achieve our objectives and overcome identified barriers to learning we will:

- Provide all teachers with high quality CPD to ensure that pupils access effective quality first teaching
- Focus on attendance to ensure children are in school to access the learning
- Provide targeted intervention and support to quickly address identified gaps in learning including the use of small group work, 1:1 tuition
- Target funding to ensure that all pupils have access to trips, residential, first hand learning experiences
- Provide opportunities for all pupils to participate in enrichment activities including sport and music
- Provide appropriate nurture support to enable pupils to access learning within and beyond the classroom.

 Work together with families to ensure parents feel able to support their child/children with their education.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

| Challenge number | Detail of challenge |
|------------------|--|
| 1 | Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate under- developed oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disad- vantaged pupils. These are evident from Reception through to KS2 and in general, are more prevalent among our disadvantaged pupils than their peers. |
| 2 | Internal and external assessments indicate that maths attainment among disadvantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils. |
| 3 | Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and well- being of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by par- tial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These find- ings are supported by national studies. |
| | This has resulted in significant knowledge gaps leading to pupils falling further behind age-related expectations, particularly in writing. |
| 4 | Our attendance data over the last 3 years indicates that attendance among disadvantaged pupils has been between 1 - 20% lower than for non-disadvantaged pupils. |
| | On average 41% of disadvantaged pupils have been 'persistently absent' compared to 20% of their peers. Our assessments and observations indicate that absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress. |
| 5 | Our disadvantaged children have limited life experiences which impacts on their understanding of the curriculum and well being. |

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| Intended outcome | Success criteria |
|--|--|
| Improved oral language skills and vocabulary among | Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. |

| disadvantaged pupils, particularly in Early Years. | 75% of pupils achieve a GLD in listening, attention and Understanding. To identify pupils who may require Speech & Language support and provide one to one and small group sessions |
|---|---|
| To narrow the attainment gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils in KS1 & KS2 | Disadvantaged pupils achieve in line with non-disadvantaged pupils and are at least in line or better than disadvantaged children nationally. |
| For all disadvantaged pupils in school to make or exceed nationally expected progress rates. | Disadvantaged pupils to make at least expected progress or better in line with disadvantaged pupils nationally. |
| To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our disadvantaged pupils. | Sustained high attendance from 2023/24 demonstrated by: the overall absence rate for all pupils being no more than 5% the percentage of all pupils who are persistently absent being below 10% |
| Children have engaged with a wide range of curriculum and extracurricular opportunities that support their academic and social development and help them to contextualise their learning. | High uptake of extracurricular activities by disadvantaged pupils. Disadvantaged pupils take part in Year 6 residential. Children can articulate how their emotional wellbeing is supported. Disadvantaged children are able to engage in home learning. |

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: **£93,074.20**

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Purchase of standardised diagnostic assessments. Training for staff to ensure assessments are interpreted and administered correctly. £5998.56 | Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction: Standardised tests Assessing and Monitoring Pupil Progress Education Endowment Foundation EEF | 1, 2, 3, |
| Embedding dialogic activities across the school curriculum. These can support pupils to articulate key ideas, consolidate understanding and extend vocabulary. We will purchase resources and fund ongoing teacher training and release time. £17,862 | There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions, including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discussion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading: Oral language interventions Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF | 1 |
| Purchase of a DfE validated Systematic Synthetic Phonics programme to secure stronger phonics teaching for all pupils. £5723.53 | Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils: Phonics Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF | 2 |
| Enhancement of our maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE and EEF guidance. We will fund teacher release time to embed key elements of guidance in school and to | The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches: Maths guidance KS 1 and 2.pdf (publishing.service.gov.uk) | 3 |

| access Maths Hub resources and CPD (including Teaching for Mastery training). £4927.36 | The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence: Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and 3 | |
|---|---|-----|
| Delivery of high-quality foundation subjects, including music tuition for all pupils. Support for parents of disadvantaged pupils for trips including the Y6 residential. £46,649 | Evidence indicates that high quality teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment, including for disadvantaged pupils. Schools should focus on building teacher knowledge and pedagogical expertise, curriculum development, and the purposeful use of assessment. In some cases, this may include the selection of high-quality curriculum materials, or investment in the use of standardised assessments. Kindermusik, Orff and Kodaly methods of learning music have been shown to be effective on the cognitive development of young children. https://d2tic4wvo1iusb.cloud-front.net/documents/guidance/Arts_Education_Review.pdf?v=1668002142 | 5 |
| Management of catch up provisions both academic and wellbeing. SenCo to manage and support interventions. £11,913.75 | Strategic deployment of TAs is important to ensure priority pupils are supported. This will include ensuring TAs are fully prepared for their role and supplementing rather than replacing high-quality provision from the class teacher, including providing targeted interventions. Supporting resources: https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/teaching-assistants | All |

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: **£18,033.79**

| number(address | |
|-----------------|--|
|-----------------|--|

| Additional phonics sessions targeted at disadvantaged pupils who require further phonics support. £3939.79 | Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks: Phonics Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF | 2 |
|---|---|---|
| Engaging with school-led tutoring for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantaged, including those who are high attainers. £14.094.00 | Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one: One to one tuition EEF (educationendow-mentfoundation.org.uk) And in small groups: Small group tuition Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF | 4 |

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £15028.40

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Whole staff training on behaviour management and anti-bullying approaches with the aim of developing our school ethos and improving behaviour across school. £6208.40 | Both targeted interventions and universal approaches can have positive overall effects: Behaviour interventions EEF (educationendowmentfoundatio n.org.uk) | 5 |
| Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-attendance/framework-for-securing-full-attendance-actions-for-schools-and-local-authorities advice. | The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence. | 4 |

Total budgeted cost: £126,136.39

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year (2021/22)

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021 to 2022 academic year.

Improved oral language skills

NELI programme introduced and delivered for the academic year. 73.3% of children in Reception achieved GLD in listening, attention and understanding.

Wellcomm results indicate that in Reception disadvantaged children's oral skills improved by 50% (from 43% to 93% green).

Narrow the attainment gap between disadvantaged children and non-disadvantaged children in Years 2 & 6

There is still work to be done on diminishing the gaps between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils in Year 2 and in Year 6. This is in reading, writing and maths. We will continue to use The Write Stuff, Power Maths and will be introducing a guided reading scheme, Steps into Reading.

Disadvantaged pupils make or exceed nationally expected progress rates across all year groups

The impact of The Write Stuff has meant that disadvantaged children have narrowed the attainment gap with non-disadvantaged pupils. (+1.8)

The gap has not narrowed with the same significance in reading and maths so this will continue to be a focus.

Achieve and sustain improved attendance

The gap between disadvantaged pupils and non-disadvantaged pupils' attendance narrowed in 2021/22. The gap in 2020/21 was 6% whilst in 2021/22 it was 4%. The decision was made to employ an attendance officer to ensure there is a consistent focus on children's attendance and working in partnership with the LA to support families in understanding the importance of good school attendance.

This area continues to be a focus to ensure the gap narrows.

Engagement in a wide range of curriculum and extra-curricular opportunities

Sports Coach sign posted children to local sports clubs with a particular focus on Pupil Premium children.

Uptake for Year 6 residential was not as successful as hoped; this will be reviewed for 2022/23.

Equity in provision for music has enabled all children to access keyboard tuition in KS2 and singing or ukulele lessons in Reception/KS1.

Working in partnership with KITs Academy to provide high quality PE lessons and after school activities. In addition, they provided a 2-week summer camp (HAF) at the school that disadvantaged pupil could access. Uptake of this provision prior to the school hosting had been limited by our disadvantaged pupils.

Due to the impact of Covid trips to support the teaching of foundation subjects was limited. This will continue to be a focus for the coming academic year.

Externally provided programmes

| Programme | Provider |
|-----------|----------|
| NELI | Nuffield |
| | |